# The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1868. NO. 302.



## The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.


### THE RADICAL CIVIL WAR—ARMING THE NEGROES IN THE SOUTH.

We invite the careful attention of all thinking men to the following extracts from Mr. Doolittle's speech, in opposition to the Radical scheme for arming the negroes and inaugurating war:

"I regret exceedingly that anything should be done by Congress or by anybody which could tend to bring about a war of races in the Southern States. That there is great danger that such war may arise, is certain. No man can look upon the state of things at the South and not feel the danger. There are some of the States of the South where not only all the men who have held any office under the State or under the Federal Government are disfranchised, but where, by the oaths which are required to be taken in the Constitutions of these reconstructed governments, three fourths of all the white people in these reconstructed States are disfranchised. Take the State of Alabama; the oath in the Constitution requires a man to swear that he believes and accepts the political equality of whites and blacks. In Arkansas it is the same. Now, I say to the honorable Senator from Indiana, [Mr. Morton,] that a large majority of the white people of Indiana would be disfranchised if they went into either of those States to live, and so would a large majority of the people of New York, and of all the States, with the exception of one or two, where they have ever been called upon to vote on that question. This must be the result, unless you intend that the people shall be demoralized, and shall perjure themselves, and shall take oaths which they cannot take before God without taking perjury upon their souls.

* * * * *

When the rebels surrendered, their arms were surrendered, for by the condition of Johnston's surrender to Sherman the arms were to be brought forward to the State arsenals and there delivered into the custody of the United States; and I have no knowledge about the other party being armed at all. There are no more arms that I am aware of on one side than the other. But what I protest is that the most dangerous of all things you can do is to put these arms into the hands of one party in the midst of an excited election and suppose that that is the way to keep the peace. * * * But you arm one party, and what is the necessary effect? Is it not of itself one of the greatest provocations that can be conceived to arm one party—a great provocation of the other to be drawn into a conflict? These people are liable to abuse their power, to drive men from the polls who claim that they have the right to vote under the laws that are established. If they attempt to go to vote they are driven away, perhaps. In the excitement of the moment a collision occurs; and if the war begins, God only knows what may be the end. * * * The Senator from Kentucky alluded to one occurrence which has taken place in the State of Georgia. A Mr. Ashburn was murdered—murdered, I believe, in a house of ill-fame; a negro brothel in the city of Columbus.

Mr. Wilson. Oh, no.

Mr. Doolittle. I state to my honorable friend from Massachusetts that he is mistaken. Such was the fact stated to me by a gentleman who resides in the town. He knows the place where this murder occurred.

Mr. Davis. It is the fact, and I know it by men who live in Columbus, and who have been here.

Mr. Doolittle. On his being murdered a reward was offered of $10,000 for the purpose of discovering the murderers; and to show you, sir, what kind of a system of oppression can grow up when ever the common law is laid aside and absolute military despotism is substituted in its place, I would refer you to certain facts that have occurred there. In that city of Columbus, a man, when he left his home at breakfast, did not know whether he would return to his home again or not. Time and again men in that city were arrested without warrant, without any charge, taken to Atlanta, thrust into dungeons but eight or ten feet long and two and a half or three feet wide, with no light and no air except what came through the grates at the top, kept in those dungeons for a whole week without being permitted to speak to a human being, and at the end of the week taken out and by these detectives told, "Now, sir, tell us what you know about the murder of Ashburn. Forty thousand dollars reward has been offered to detect and to find out who were the murderers. If you disclose the fact you may participate in the reward."—"Sir," said two or three of these gentlemen, and their names were given to me by the person who made the statement, "I know nothing of the murder of Ashburn." "Yes you do, sir;" and thereupon they were thrust back into the cells again for another week.

One of these men, a young man residing in the city of Columbus, who was a man of full habit, quite fleshy, weighing two hundred pounds, was in this hottest weather placed in one of these cells, and when his counsel, Mr. Crawford, of Georgia, formerly a member of the House, whom the honorable Senator from Massachusetts must well know, called upon him, he found him stripped down to his undershirt, and the reason was asked why he did this. Said he, "I receive one pitcher of water in the morning; that water I pour over my floor, with the exception of just enough to quench my thirst, and I take off all my clothing down to my undershirt, and lie upon the floor where it is wet and damp and put my face down to a crack between the floor, where I can catch a particle of fresh air." There he was kept suffering for a whole week, and then taken out again by these detectives and inquired of what he knew of the murder of Ashburn?

I hold in my hand an affidavit made by a colored man, who was also prosecuted in the same way, in order, by this system of torment and persecution, to wring from him, if possible, something, some story, some tale in relation to the murder of Ashburn. He states the fact that he was arrested and taken from his team which he was driving through the streets; that he was hurried off from one place to another, and finally to Fort Pulaski; that in Fort Pulaski, after he had been placed in a dungeon for awhile, he was placed in that instrument of torture, which is denominated a sweat box, and kept standing in it for thirty-long hours, when he was taken out and again asked, "What do you know of the murder of Ashburn?" These detectives, acting, not under the common law which gives us our liberty and secures our rights, but acting under the military despotism which grows out of this system, have in Georgia, in our own country, under the authority of the reconstruction laws of Congress, or rather by an abuse of the power which that authority has given, subjected persons to a persecution equal to the best, equal to the thumb-screw, in order to force from them some confession of their knowledge of the murder of Ashburn. This colored man, after being blindfolded, was taken from his dungeon and led round and round until he was bewildered and lost, and was brought up at last in front of a loaded cannon, with a man ready to pull the string and fire it, and threatened that it should be fired upon him if he did not disclose something about the murder of Ashburn!"

### CARPET BAGGERS IN THE SOUTH.

[From the New Orleans Times, July 17.]

Some of the stories that are told by carpet-baggers and saddle baggers at each other's expense are more amusing than any from any other source. A tour on horseback was recently made by two of them through the State, and the following is the story told by one of his partners:

"The first time I noticed anything wrong about him we went into a country store where a crowd was sitting around and looking at us hard. I called for liquor, and while the bar keeper's back was turned H—— reached over in a cigar box and commenced to help himself. I caught him by the hand and gave him a look. When we got away, I said to him:

"'You infernal fool, what did you want to go for that fellow's cigar for? I intended to give you half, but if—n it, couldn't you see those fellows sitting around, and who would have cut your throat if they had so much as seen you bat your eyes at them?' It was sometime before I fully got over that.

"We traveled on another day, and at every house we came to my partner would carry his arm stiff, and tell people he had been wounded in the Confederate army.

"We stopped all night at Bill ——'s, who has killed a half dozen people in duels, but who treated us well. About all he had left was a pair of dueling pistols, and one of these I discovered, when we got on the road the next day, that my partner had brought off. I felt like taking it and blowing the top of his head off. He promised, however, after I had nearly cursed myself hoarse, to do better. But that very night we stopped at another house, where an ex planter treated us like fighting cocks, and I thought that my partner would have the decency to keep quiet, and there were some ladies at the table, and I did not care to make a bad impression upon them.

"But the next morning as we galloped off, I noticed that my saddle-bags had wonderfully bulged out, and kept a flapping about my legs in a queer sort of way.

"'Why, what in the deuce is the matter with the d—d things,' I said to a nigger boy that was with me. 'It seems as if I was riding on a bag of corn.'

"'H— has put something there,' said the nigger in a whisper, 'but his is fuller than yours.'

"And it was true. He had stolen several carats of perique tobacco, and placed some of them in my saddle bags. He put in his own saddle-bags, among other things, a pair of the old man's pants, which he used as drawers, after cutting off some of the legs. When he rode up I said to him:

"'You d—d infernal thief, what do you mean?'

"'Why,' said he, 'you don't call it stealing to take anything from these rebels?'

A good many subsequent adventures followed in the same style, but we have not space to quote farther.


### MISCELLANEOUS.

**Grocery and Commission Business!**

THE UNDERSIGNED CONTINUES to carry on, at his old place of business, on Hargett street, the **Grocery and Commission Business** in its various branches.

He will always keep on hand everything usually found in a FIRST-CLASS Family Grocery establishment. There is no necessity for particularizing.

The stringency of the times compels him to adopt, strictly,

THE CASH SYSTEM!

Do not, therefore, send orders, or scrips, or make application for credit.

He will pay prompt attention to, and make regular returns on account of, all CONSIGNMENTS to be sold on COMMISSION.

REFERENCES: Gov. Jonathan Worth and Jno. G. Williams, Esq., Raleigh.

BUFUS K. FERRELL.

Raleigh, July 21-1m

**NOTICE.**

THE COPARTNERSHIP, existing under the name and style of E. J. PARISH & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All accounts will make immediate payment to E. J. PARISH, as the business of the firm must be closed.

E. J. PARISH,
W. F. ASKEW.

Raleigh, July 17th, 1868.

NOTICE.

I cheerfully recommend E. J. PARISH to my various friends and customers as one deserving their confidence and support.

W. F. ASKEW.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In my continuation of business, I thank you for the past favors and liberal support given me, and can but ask a continuance of the same.

You will find me at my old place, East Market Square.

July 17-tf E. J. PARISH.

**Chowan Baptist Female Institute.**

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October with a full corps of able and experienced instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have reduced the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address

July 16-2w* A. McDOWELL.

**VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE, LEXINGTON, VA.**

APPLICATIONS will be received at this time for the admission of 100 ADDITIONAL CADETS into this Institution. Those entering in the Summer months enjoy peculiar advantages in the special course of discipline and instruction, by which they are prepared for the regular studies which commence Sept. 1st.

Circulars will be sent on application.

FRANCIS H. SMITH,
may 13-3law3w&ostsept1. Supt.

**Wheat Thresher and Carrier.**

JUST RECEIVED, another of SINCLAIR'S celebrated open-wrought, 25 inch cylinder, which will be sold with or without the Straw Carrier. Apply at once, to save expenses of transportation from Baltimore

July 16-tf JAMES M. TOWLES.

**Lime, Lime.**

EXPECTED DAILY, 50 bbls. fresh LOCKPORT LIME, which will be sold low at Depot.

JAS M. TOWLES
July 14-1w Commission Merchant.

**WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.**

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

2,500 bushels White Corn at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

SUGAR! SUGAR!! SUGAR!!!

15,000 lbs. Sugar, different grades, on hand at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!! MOLASSES!!!

2,000 gallons Molasses at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

CANDY! CANDY!!

500 lbs. Fresh Candy. Just received at
July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

**Soap, Soap.**

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP.
Just received by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

**Salt, Salt.**

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT
For sale at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

**Leather, Leather.**

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER.
For sale by
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

**Essence of Coffee.**

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE.
Just received at
June 22-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

**Meal, Meal, Meal.**

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Corn, Corn, Corn.**

500 BUSHELS.
For sale at low price.
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.**

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES.
Just received by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Family Roe Herring.**

20 HALF BARRELS.
In Store and for sale by
July 17-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Flour, Flour, Flour.**

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment.
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Corn! Prime White Corn!!**

ONE DOLLAR AND A HALF per bushel.
Just received by
June 26 tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.**

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by
June 26-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**HERRINGS, HERRINGS.**

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
20 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PRIME CAROLINA RICE.
Just received by
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**Corn, Corn.**

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at
June 22-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

**CORN! CORN! CORN!**

1,000 BUSHELS CORN,—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

**SOLE LEATHER.**

TRUNKS, VALISES,
LEATHER AND MOROCCO
TRAVELING BAGS,
For Ladies and Gentlemen, at
April 25-tf B. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

10 CASES ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

50 DOZ. CANS FRESH PEACHES.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN.
Just received.
April 30-tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low.
April 30 tf W. ROBT ANDREWS.

**GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,**

**Grocer & Commission Merchant,**

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

**Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.**

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-145-tf

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.
At
TONNOFFSKI'S.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalili, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At
March 2—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

**Cotton Yarns.**

IN STORE, TWO BALES COTTON YARNS, No. 10, on sale.
JAS M. TOWLES.
July 16-1w Commission Merchant.

**41 Fayetteville Street.**

SELF SEALING ONE AND TWO QUART Fruit Jars.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, July 15-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS.**

**NOTICE.**

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OFFER the following Goods at New York Cost, viz:

Beautiful China Tea Sets.
Plain white " Dinner "
Handsome " "
" " Spittoons.
" " Vases, Mugs and Cups,
" " Toilet Sets.
Cigars and Cigarettes.
Canned Fruits, Strawberries.
Pears, Cherries and Quinces.
Prunes, in large Glass Jars
Tomatoe Catsup and Sauces
A La Mode Beef, in Cans
Mock Turtle " "
Nutmegs, Allspice.
Ground and Race Ginger.
Brimstone, Flour Sulphur.
Indigo, Borax, Soda.
Lemon Syrup, Sweet Oil.
Toilet Soaps, Superior Blacking
Plow Lines, Steel Weeding Hoes.
Trace Chains, Long handle Spades.
Turn Back and squirrel Shot.
And many other goods, all of which we offer at Cost, for Cash down.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 15-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

**GENUINE IMPORTED**

**WINES & LIQUORS.**

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:
"Carte Blanche."
"Bouzy Exquis."
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Eidsick."
Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.
Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" " Brandy.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

CORN!
1,000 bushels now in store.
W H JONES & CO,
July 20-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!
Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-tf Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

**Seed Wheat.**

CHOICE MARYLAND SEED WHEAT.
A limited consignment.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 23-tf Auctr's and Com. Merchants.

BACON.
Choice N. C. Hams, Sides, and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.
W. H. JONES & Co.,
July 20-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

Sugar! Sugar!
An assorted supply just received.
July 20-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

**J. B. HUNTER & CO.,**

**COTTON FACTORS,**

AND

**Produce Commission Merchants,**

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

**PORTSMOUTH, Va.,**

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.**

DR. LAWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

**ROSADALIS,**

FOR THE CURE OF

**SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,**

SUCH AS

*CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,*

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

**By an Impure State of the Blood.**

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

**Home Certificates from Physicians.**

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
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E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

**PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.**

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

**DR. J. J. Lawrence,**

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

**SWEET SPRINGS,**

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA, WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 20th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Trans. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's Station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. June 12-1Aug5

**LIFE INSURANCE.**

**THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL**

**LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,**

INCORPORATED IN 1846.



ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

**$20,000,000.00.**

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

**SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.**

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest* and *best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

**The Arlington Mutual**

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't.
Jan 28-146-tf Lexington, N. C.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO.,**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL**

**DRUGGISTS,**

**NEWBERN, N. C.**

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

**CRESYLIC SOAPS,**

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

**JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,**

**100 Elizabeth Street, New York.**

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

**Sheep Dip.**

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 5 pound canisters | wholesale, | $1 25 |
| 10 do | do | 2 25 |
| 50 do | kegs do | 10 00 |
| 200 do | barrels, do | 35 00 |

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

**Plant Protector.**

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants in 1 and 3 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

**Cresylic Ointment.**

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

**Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.**

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of sores, scratches and Cracks of all kinds. 50 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3.50.

**Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.**

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry. Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

**WALTER CLARK,**

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

**HALIFAX, N. C.**

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-145-6m

**DRY GOODS.**

**SELLING OUT AT**

**NEW YORK COST!!**

**DRY GOODS,**

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

**CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.**

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

**Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,**

AT

**NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.**

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

**A. KLINE.**

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,
June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C.

**LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,**

AT

**S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!**

YOU MAY FIND

**NEW GOODS**

**Just Received at LOW PRICES.**

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of **S. H. YOUNG.**

Nov. 27—96-tf

**HARDWARE &C.**

**THOMAS H. BRIGGS,**

DEALER IN

**HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,**

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

**ALSO**

Agents for the sale of

**Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,**
**Bolting Cloth,**

India Rubber and Leather Belting,
Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs,
Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

**GLASS PRESERVE JARS,**

**STONE JARS,**

JUGS AND CHURNS,
OLD DOMINION NAILS,
MOULDING, BEAD,
JACK AND FORE PLANES.

Just received at

**THOS. H. BRIGGS'.**

July 10-tf

**RALEIGH**

**SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.**

All orders promptly attended to.

THOS. H. BRIGGS,
July 10-tf Proprietor.

**44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.**

**WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,**

GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,
BOWLS AND PITCHERS,
WATER PITCHERS.

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis

Raleigh, N. C. June 30, 1868.

COLLINS & HEATH,
21 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

| | |
|---|---|
| Plumbing, | Mount Vernon Cook Stove, |
| Sheet Lead, | Patapsco Cook, |
| Lead Pipe, | Rogers Williams's, Oriental Cook, |
| Iron Pipe, | Bronze Range, |
| Terra Cotta Pipe, | Europeon Range, |
| Brass Cocks, | Magee Range, |
| Plated Cocks, | Spence Range, |
| Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, | Emerald Range, |
| Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, | Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces, |
| Water Closets, | Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, |
| Iron and China Basins, | Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety. |
| Hydrants, | All the different styles of Grates, |
| Pumps, | High Up and Low Down Portable |
| Rams, Fountains, | Grates, &c., |
| Water Wheels, | |
| Garden Vases, | |
| Water-Coolers, | |
| Refrigerators, &c. | |

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

**TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!**

**41 Fayetteville Street.**

FINE IVORY HANDLE TABLE KNIVES AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Westenholm's Congress Knives.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

**C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO**

**MANUFACTURERS.**

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES

**Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,**

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular saddlery establishment

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to look at our stock, 4th door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

**RAILROADS.**

**TO SHIPPERS**

**NORTH CAROLINA**

**ALL STATE**

**RAILWAY LINES (WHATEVER TO BE!)**

**THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,**

**THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY**

**SAY VIA R. & G. R. R!**

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the *Ten Thousand* Shippers to North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

**NOTICE!**

**The Great Inland Air Line Freight**

**R O U T E,**

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your *Freights*, or they will be taken by another *Route!*

To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

FROM BOSTON:

Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

FROM NEW YORK:

Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

FROM PHILADELPHIA:

(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock. A. H. Parks, Agent, of Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 20 Light street Wharf.

C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Agt
Aug 6-305-tf Raleigh N. C

**CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.**

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 20th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Mail Train leaves Raleigh | 9.15 A. M. |
| Arrives at Weldon | 2.40 P. M. |
| Mail Train leaves Weldon | 10.35 A. M. |
| Arrives at Raleigh | 3.15 P. M. |
| Freight Train leaves Raleigh | 3.45 P. M. |
| " " arrives at Raleigh | 10.00 A. M. |

The Mail Trains make connections with all points South and South.

A. D. ANDREWS,
may 21-tf Supt. of Transportation.

**NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS**

**ESTABLISHED 1851.**

KADER RIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

**KADER RIGGS & CO.,**

**COTTON FACTORS**

AND

**Gener Commission Merchants.**

**NORFOLK, Va.**

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. M. McPheeters, Esq., from Thos. Bragg, and Hons. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. T. Mial, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill Johnston; Gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson; Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and Messrs. John Myers & son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2—tf

**STAVES WANTED.**

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on arrival,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 500,000 | Red Oak Hhd. Staves, | |
| 300,000 | White Oak Hhd. " | |
| 100,000 | White Oak " Heading, | Norfolk Inspection. |
| 75,000 | White Oak Pipe Staves, | |
| 50,000 | White Oak pipe " | |

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES READ & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

**DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.**

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15-tf

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!**

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

**"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"**

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

**W. B. ASTEN & CO.,**

June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., New York City.

**PEACHES!!**

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4.00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8.00 " "

**ALL WARRANTED FRESH.**

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again

Apply to

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 19-104-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

**Important to Printers.**

A GOOD PRINTER capable of conducting a good Weekly paper, of notable character and sober habits, or a gentleman with some means who is desirous of becoming an Editor, can hear of a situation in an intelligent community, in the Eastern part of the State. The necessary materials are a fair business and can be had, on moderate terms, for the consideration of a weekly paper, on application to

EDITORS OF SENTINEL.
June 18-4w

**PRINTER'S NEWS INK.**

FOR THE accommodation of our contemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.
Apr. 6-tf

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Three months | $1 00 |
| Six months | 4 00 |
| One year | 8 00 |
| Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year | 4 00 |
| " " six months | 2 00 |
| Weekly Sentinel, one year | 2 00 |
| " " six months | 1 00 |

# THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1868.

## NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

## HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

## GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

### "LET US HAVE PEACE."—THE TEXT AND THE COMMENTARY.

It has been the staple prediction of the Radical Press and leaders, for the past two years, that, with the "reconstruction" of the Southern States, upon the Congressional basis, we should have peace and tranquility. The last few weeks have witnessed the "restoration" of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana and Arkansas, and the admission of their so-called representatives to seats in either House of Congress, and where are the promised quiet and security? We have been told that, cotemporaneous with this event, the political millenium was to arrive, but we have, in its stead, the foreboding promise of civil war and threats of arming the negroes in order to bolster up the rotten fabric of Radical reconstruction. The admission of the carpet-baggers and Southern "loyalists" from the South has served to expose the utter hypocrisy of the Radical pretension, that peace would follow the consummation of the Radical programme.

The unguarded admission of Deweese, in that remarkable speech of his, a few days since, which so displeased his friends and delighted the Democrats in the House of Representatives, is the very best campaign document that could have been desired by the supporters of Seymour and Blair, and the friends of Constitutional Union. It may be regarded as fortunate that Deweese was sent to Congress just at this particular period, and unfortunate that that body should have adjourned,—at least until he, and one or two others like him, had had other opportunities of exhibiting the real and murderous designs of the party. No wonder that Washburne, Grant's guardian and chaperon, was in favor of a recess, lest the issues of the campaign should be "changed." The old Congressional 'stagers' of the party, by long experience in political fraud and hypocrisy, have learned the value of reticence and non-committalism, when the occasion demands them; but these over-heated and zealous carpet-bag neophytes from the South, anxious to exhibit themselves, and surcharged with *personal* malice against the people who have shown their contempt and detestation for them in every possible way, have let the cat out of the bag and thrown all the Radical fat into the fire.

Thus it was that the member of Congress, who represents the negroes of this District, under the novelty of making a speech from the elevated position of the Clerk's desk in the House of Representatives, and tickled by the evident *impression* which his harangue was making,—an impression, however, very different from that of his own elated fancy,—allowed to escape him the admission that the "reconstructed" governments in the South could only exist by the bayonet, and that, therefore, it was the bounden duty of Congress to put arms in the hands of those, who, "though black in skin, were white and loyal in heart."—We shall not stop to comment on the constructive violation of the Radical theory as to "discrimination on account of color," implied in the depreciatory expression "*though* black in skin," but who can wonder that the Democrats were charmed with Deweese's excited admission? It was the very thing they wanted,—*the truth told*, however unwittingly. No wonder that Congress was in a hurry to adjourn without passing the bill to arm the "trooly loil," for fear of another such speech, and a "changing of the issues."

But the issues are not changed. Deweese deserves credit,—and we hereby award to him,—for exposing the hypocrisy of Radical professions, for admitting the rottenness of Radical reconstruction, and disclosing its purpose to involve the country, if it can, in civil war and bloodshed, rather than surrender its ill-gotten and much-abused power. The issues are not changed. Radicalism is essentially blood-thirsty, revolutionary and destructive. It cares nothing for the peace of the country, the stability of government, or the welfare of society, where these interfere with its grasp upon the spoils. It has all along been its deliberate and diabolical purpose to put its negro governments upon the prostrate bodies of the white men in the South with bayonets. It proposes, in North Carolina, to carry out this design by arming one class of the people to cut the throats of another, and to push men from the polls with cold steel or shoot them away with the bullet. Its programme means war and the scenes of San Domingo and Hayti. This it calls PEACE,—the Peace of desolation.—Deweese's frank admissions are the proper commentaries upon Grant's text: "*Let us have Peace.*"

The only hope of the whole country, of civil liberty, of all our people,—white and black,—lies in the election of the Constitutional National Democratic nominees, SEYMOUR AND BLAIR. Thank Heaven! the honest, patriotic masses of the country are beginning to realize this, and will soon sweep the usurpers, revolutionists and plotters of strife and civil war from the places of power which they have so foully disgraced!

### AGRICULTURAL AND IMMIGRATION SOCIETIES.

We have repeatedly urged upon our people the importance of a combined effort to form a State Association, with auxillaries in every County, to promote the interests of agriculture and all the industrial employments of our people. These suggestions have been approved, here and there, but we see no movement which warrants the hope of having any thing, at present, done efficiently in that line.

The people of the State are too poor to initiate any movement which involves an outlay of money. Besides, the political and pecuniary interests of the State having, by the manipulation of the Rump Congress, been thrown into the hands of a class of men who are reckless of the public expense, and who, with the power of taxation, possess but little property to be taxed themselves, our people have but little inducement to exert themselves to improve their condition. Yet we are satisfied, bad as the prospect is, that every effort should be made to inaugurate some scheme which promises, at least, ultimate relief.

We are glad to observe that the farmers of Warren are moving in this matter. In another column will be found an address to the farmers of the State, urging the necessity of primary meetings in the several counties, and the holding of a State Convention to adopt some general scheme of relief. We hope this movement will be seconded all over the State.

We learn, verbally, that the farmers of Warren, after a fruitless trial of securing uniform and systematic labor from the blacks, for three years, and despairing of obtaining from them such co-operation as will produce mutual benefit and peace, have determined to procure foreign labor. Arrangements have been made to obtain, early in the coming year, three hundred foreign laborers.

They avow their continued friendship for the negro—their readiness to protect his freedom and to guarantee to him every civil right under the law—they are ready to aid him in his improvement and the education of his children, but they *cannot* and *will not* favor the fanatical ideas which propose to elevate an ignorant and semi-barbarous race to political and social equality with the whites. They will not, therefore, *employ laborers*, who are determined to go in opposition to their interests, and who are bound by secret oaths, to sustain a party, whose object is destructive to civil liberty, and whose aim is to array the blacks against the whites. THEY ARE RIGHT!

THE PEOPLE MOVING.—There was a neighborhood meeting, at Paw Creek, Mecklenburg County, on Saturday last, for the purpose of forming a Seymour and Blair Club. There were about 125 persons present, all of whom joined the Club.

An immense number of citizens assembled at Monroe, Union County, on Saturday last, for the purpose of ratifying the National Democratic nominations. D. A. Covington, Esq., presided, and the meeting was ably addressed by the Chairman, Col. S. H. Walkup, and Capt. Waring, of the Charlotte *Times*. The enthusiasm was great, and the meeting was the largest and most earnest ever held in the County. It was agreed to hold a mass meeting in Monroe, on the last Saturday in August, when many distinguished speakers will be present. Downing, the Yankee member from the county, "caught fits." Proceedings hereafter.

A mass meeting is to be held in Statesville, on Saturday, for the purpose of ratifying the nomination of Seymour and Blair, organizing a Club, and appointing delegates to the approaching State Convention.

A Dispatch from Nashville says: "A number of influential colored men are getting signatures to a petition to the Legislature, which meets next Monday, to enfranchise the whites. The committee left for Knoxville on Thursday, to present a petition to Governor Brownlow, asking him to recommend to the Legislature the enfranchisement of the white population now denied the right of suffrage."

The above is such a movement as we expected from the blacks. Magnanimity and liberality need not be expected from native scallawags or carpet-baggers.

ELOQUENCE OF THE CARPET-BAGGERS.—It is said that the true reason why Congress is in such haste to adjourn is that they are afraid of the damage the Southern Radicals will do them. A man named Deweese, from North Carolina, is reported to have been fearfully badgered by the Democratic members, who put all sorts of questions to him, which he answered much to the confusion of his Radical friends, who felt much ashamed at the reply of their coadjutor from the old North State.

The Southern carpet-baggers are accused of attempting to dictate to their Northern brethren the course they are to pursue in regard to the South, and it is said that the moment one gets up, the Jacobins begin to grow restless and fidgety. After a while their faces become overspread with that deadly and corpse like pallor that follows a strong dose of lobelia, and the perspiration starts out of their skins under the infliction of the speeches of these Southern political steam-doctors.

Since they can't restrain the clatter and brazen effrontery of their Southern auxiliaries, the rest of Congress have determined to run away from them. It is understood that during the recess measures will be devised by which to stop their mouths some how or the reassembling of Congress, so that that body may be spared the infliction of so much impudence and ignorance.—*Norfolk Journal.*

THE MILITARY TO BE WITHDRAWN FROM THE SOUTHERN STATES REPRESENTED IN CONGRESS.—It is stated by Radical journals that the President has ordered the withdrawal of the military from the States in the South that have representatives in Congress. No such order has been issued, but the President is clearly of opinion that the Federal troops should be withdrawn, and he will, in a few days probably issue an order accordingly.—*Special dispatch to the Richmond Dispatch.*

In their despair, Radicals threaten civil war, in order to make a fair and free election by the people of North Carolina impossible.

## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.]

MONDAY AFTERNOON, July 27, 1868.

The House was called to order at 4 o'clock, according to adjournment.

Mr. Bowman introduced a bill, authorizing the Public Treasurer to borrow money. [The bill authorizes the Treasurer to borrow such sum of money as, in his judgment, may be deemed necessary, to defray the expenses of the government of the State, at such rate of interest as he may deem proper; *provided* such sum shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.]

Mr. Bowman said he introduced the bill at the request of the Treasurer, and, unless he received the authority to borrow money, he (the Treasurer) would not be able to pay members their mileage and *per-diem*.

Mr. Bowman moved to suspend the rules and adopt.

The Speaker called his attention to the provision of the Constitution, that requires that no law shall be passed to raise money on the credit of the State, without its being read on three several days.

After some little discussion, Mr. Bowman withdrew the motion to suspend the rules, and the bill lies over.

Mr. Bowman called up the Senate bill in regard to marriage licenses.

[The bill provides that the Register of Deeds shall issue licenses under the same rules and regulations as the former Clerks of the County Courts.]

Mr. Bowman moved to amend by allowing Clerks of Townships to issue license.

After some debate, the amendment was lost.

After being slightly amended by Mr. Sinclair, the bill passed its final reading.

On motion of Ames, the House adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock.

### SENATE.

TUESDAY, July 28, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Welker, Senator from Guilford.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS.

By Mr. Love: A bill repealing an ordinance of the Convention, appointing a Commission to examine into the affairs of the Albemale and Chesapeake Canal Company.

By Mr. Robbins: A bill to require replevy bonds in attachment cases.

By Mr. Respass: A bill to define the boundaries of land granted by the State.

By Mr. Sweet: A resolution in relation to filling the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. Hall, Senator from the 16th District, and requesting the Governor to issue a writ of election to fill the same.

By Mr. Love: A resolution instructing the Treasurer to furnish to this body a statement of the expenses incurrred by the late Constitutional Convention.

SPECIAL ORDERS.

The petition of John W. Stevens, setting forth that he was legally elected to the Senate, and contesting the same with the Hon. Bedford Brown, who holds the certificate of election, came up.

The petitioner states that the following named persons would have voted for him, but were prevented from doing so illegally, viz: William Johnson, Daniel Jones, at Yanceyville; and J. Lawson, John Holderness, Henry Mebane, Clifford Henderson, Felix Gunn, and several others, that he can not mention now, who reside in the county of Caswell; and the following named persons voted for Mr. Brown and voted illegally, viz: J. C. Pinnix, Buie Henderson, Thos. D. Johnson, Henry Badget, William Lee, J. C. Griffith, C. A. Donnahue, J. D. Long, A. A. Mitchell and Thos Slade.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The bill to extend the Chatham Railroad was recommitted to the Committee on Internal Improvements. Subsequently, the Committee reported the bill back with an amendment, and, on motion, it was made the special order for to-morrow, at 10 o'clock.

ON CALENDAR.

Bill regulating the hours of labor: This bill fixes 10 hours as a legal day's work. It was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, &c.

Bill in relation to usury: After some debate, was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Bill to incorporate the Salisbury Cemetery Association; referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Bill to provide for a Hydrographic survey of the State; referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements.

Bill for the relief of the Sheriffs and the people; referred to the Committee on Finance.

Resolution requesting the Representatives of this State in Congress to exert their influence to secure an appropriation to improve the bar of the Cape Fear River; adopted.

Bill authorizing Medical Colleges in this State to dissect dead bodies; passed its second reading.

Resolution requesting the Treasurer to report, without delay, what sum or sums of money have been paid by him to defray the expenses of the Republican 4th July celebration in this city,—to whom and by what authority.

On motion of Mr. Blythe, it was amended so as to include all monies paid out for any party, and what party, and if any public property has been used to advance the interest of any party, and what party, for the last twelve months; and the resolution passed.

Resolution authorizing the Treasurer to negotiate a loan not exceeding $100,000, to supply a present deficiency.

Mr. Robbins thought this resolution, if adopted, would create an unnecessary expense, and thought the money could be raised without it; and offered a substitute, instructing the Judiciary Committee to report a bill, instructing the new Sheriffs to deposit at once all monies, which have been turned over to them by the old Sheriffs, in the Treasury.

The amendment was lost, and the original resolution passed.

Resolution authorizing the printing of two thousand copies of all the laws passed by the General Assembly relating to County offices, &c., passed.

A message was received from the House, transmitting "A bill to amend an act providing for the qualification of certain officers recently elected under the Constitution of the State."

On motion of Mr. Sweet, the rules were suspended, and the bill passed its several readings.

On motion, the Senate adjourned.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

[BY UNDERGROUND RAIL ROAD.]

TUESDAY, July 28, 1868.

House called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Blythe, of the Senate.

Journal read and approved.

Mr. Sinclair rose to make a personal explanation. He said that, on yesterday, out of respect to the body, and out of respect to the Speaker, when his gavel fell, calling the member from Bladen (Foster) to order, he did not then reply, and he regretted to be compelled to refer to the same matter this morning.

[Mr. S. here read the extract from the *Standard*, containing the charge of his having bought a bill of goods in New York one day, lying in jail the next and preaching the next.]

He said he owed it to the dignity of his State, and the dignity of the body, to repel those charges with the indignation which they deserved. He did not suppose that these ancient halls had ever witnessed such a scene as occurred yesterday. There was a courtesy which one gentleman owes another, on the floor of this House, which the member from Bladen seems to have forgotten. Through all of the discussion, yesterday, he had been careful to avoid personalities, as the whole House could testify. He would always strive so to conduct himself that the Speaker's gavel should never come down calling him to order. The allegations of the member from Bladen, being totally untrue, they are an insult to the county which he (Mr. S.) had the honor to represent. His constituents were supposed to know more of his antecedents, than the member from Bladen, and it was an insult to their intelligence and sense of propriety to send him to the House, if the allegation made by that member contained the least truth. He had only to say that he had never bought a bill of goods in New York in his life. He was 41 years of age, and the good Lord had thus far prevented him from the commission of any crime calling for incarceration. He had never seen the interior of a jail. The only time he ever was abridged of his liberty was in 1863, when he imprudently gave utterance to what he believed would be the result of the war.—Some few, who were in bomb-proofs at home, complained to the government at Richmond, that he was giving utterance to incendiary sentiments, and that he was a dangerous person. Whereupon, Gen. Whiting, then in command at Wilmington, had him arrested; but that gallant gentleman declined to incarcerate him, and received his parole, that he would not attempt an escape. Now this all happened, when some, that he wot of, were doing a large business in *silver spoons*. He never preached within a hundred miles of New York city.

Mr. Sinclair concluded by thanking the gentleman from Buncombe (Mr. Candler) for his courtesy in withdrawing his offensive remarks, the day previous. It was what he expected of a *Carolina gentleman*.

Foster asked for three hours time to prove his charges.

Mr Sinclair moved that the time be granted.

Downing objected to any further discussion of the matter.

Mr. Sinclair demanded it, as a matter of justice to himself and constituents, that Foster be made to produce the proof.

Foster said, in order that the House might not be detained from its legitimate duties, he declined taking any further steps in the matter.

Hinnant, from the Committee on Enrolment, reported the resolution in regard to regulating the Common School system, as properly enrolled.

By Gilbert: A resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to report a bill, applying the provisions of the Homestead alike to all debts, whether old or new. Lies over.

By the same: A resolution instructing the Committee on Penal Institutions to prepare a bill, to carry into effect the provisions of the Constitution in regard to widows and orphans. Lies over.

By McCanless: A resolution in regard to the registration of votes before the Presidential election. Read by title only, and ordered upon the calendar.

Stilley introduced a bill, prepared by the Code Commissioners, giving to the County Commissioners power to draw juries.

[According to the provisions of this bill, a juror must have paid tax the year previous and be of a good moral character.]

On motion of Stilley, the rules were suspended, and the bill put on its second reading.

Mr. Davis, of Carteret, moved to amend, by requiring that the tax paid by the juror should be a tax upon real estate.

Justice, of Rutherford, said that he had hoped that they had heard the last of rocks, stones and sand being a qualification to serve on a jury or to hold office.

Morris and Leary, (negroes,) opposed the amendment.

Mr. Argo argued at some length in support of the amendment, showing that sitting in a jury box was not a political privilege, but a duty, and a very onerous one, some times.

The amendment was put to a vote and lost.

Stevens moved to strike out the words "have paid tax for the preceding year," but subsequently withdrew his amendment, in order to offer it at another place.

Mr. Bowman offered a proviso, to come in at the close of the 1st. Section, which provides when the title to real estate is called into question, a landed qualification for a juror should be required. He argued at length in support of his amendment.

Morris and Hayes, (negroes,) opposed the amendment.

Mr. Sinclair favored it.

Dixon thought the section, as originally reported, to be well conceived, and would oppose all amendments, in order that the bill might speedily pass.

After a good deal of discussion, the proviso was withdrawn.

Foster moved to add, at the end of section 1, the words "and of sufficient intelligence."

Mr. Sinclair moved to refer the bill, with all amendments, to the Judiciary Committee.

Messrs. Bowman and Stilley favored the reference.

Sweet, (negro,) opposed the reference, and twitted Harris, of Wake, (negro,) with having made money largely in the late campaign.

Mr. Sinclair called the previous question.

The call was sustained and the motion to refer was put to a vote and adopted.

Stilley offered the Code of Civil Procedure, drawn up by the Code Commissioners, and moved its reference to the Committee on the Judiciary. It was so referred.

Foster presented a memorial from some of the merchants of Wilmington, praying an abolition of the tax on purchases and sales. Referred.

By Stilley: A bill in reference to the registration of voters. Referred.

By Foster: A bill in reference to the inspection of guano. Lies over.

By Leary, (negro): A bill in reference to fishing in the Cape Fear River. Referred.

By Stilley: A bill prepared by the Code Commissioners in regard to the government of counties. Referred.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the rules were suspended, and the bill authorizing the Treasurer to borrow money was taken up and passed its second reading.

Mr. Pou moved to limit the rate of interest to 8 per cent. Lost.

On motion of Mr. Bowman, the rule requiring afternoon sessions was abolished.

On motion of Mr. Sinclair, the House then adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock.

Rather than surrender their usurped power, the Radicals propose to plunge the country again into civil war.

## DIED:

In this City, on the morning of the 26th inst., EMMA CATHERINE, infant daughter of Hon. A. S. and Mrs. Margaret Merrimon, aged ten months and two days.

In this City, on the morning of the 28th inst., (yesterday,) ENSIGN JAMES, infant son of Hon. A. S. and Mrs. Margaret Merrimon, aged ten months and ten days.

These sweet infants were twin-children. Lovely in their little existences, in life and death they were not divided.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**DOUGLAS BELL,**

**Grocer and Commission Merchant,**

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH.

☞ Consignments of Flour, Corn, Bacon and Country Produce of all kinds solicited.

July 29-tf

**Wheat Bran.**

FIVE HUNDRED BUSHELS for sale on account of shippers, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 29-tf Commission Merchant.

**Rib Sides.**

FIVE THOUSAND LBS RIB SIDES.

25 bbls. Roe and Cut Herrings, for sale low, to close, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 29-tf

HAMS! HAMS!

Another lot of Beautiful Family Hams.

W. H JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

COTTON SEED MEAL.

For Milch Cows.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 29-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

TWO HUNDRED LBS. TEAS—Imperial, Gunpowder, &c.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND LBS. WESTERN BACON, arriving.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FLOUR—THE BEST

Warranted.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

ONE HUNDRED LBS. BEAUTIFUL RICE.

For sale by
July 29-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

**NEW SALOON!**

**JUST OPENED!!**

THE FINEST LAGER BEER AND BILLIARD SALOON in the South, just opened opposite to

TUCKER HALL.

The best WINES, LIQUORS, &c., also to be had at the LOWEST PRICES.

Come one, come all, and judge for yourselves. Every GENTLEMAN will be waited on with politeness and respect, by

July 28-3m THIEM & MILLER.

**TO TOBACCONISTS.**

We invite the attention of Tobacconists to our large stock of Branding Brushes, Inks, Gum and Flavoring Materials, such as

| | |
|---|---|
| Oil Aniseed | Angelica or Eel Root |
| " Bergamot | Orris Root |
| " Cinnamon | Snake Root |
| " Citronella | Valerian Root |
| " Geranium | Cardamon Seed |
| " Lemon | Coriande Seed |
| " Mirbane | Fennel Seed |
| " Nutmegs | Aniseed |
| " Sassafras | Mace |
| " Wintergreen | Nutmegs |
| " Orange | Gum Styrax |
| " Allspice | Gum Arabic |
| " Cinnamon Bark | Gum Gedda |
| " Cloves | Sweet Oil, &c. |
| " Tonka Beans. | |

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Corner Sycamore and Washington streets,
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.

For sale by JORDAN & CARR,
Petersburg, July 27-tf Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington st.
July 27-tf Petersburg, Va.

**CAMPAIGN OF 1868!**

**Old Iron-Clad First in the Field!!**

**TUCKER'S**

IRON FRONT BUILDING!!!

WE ARE AGAIN RECEIVING A NEW SUPPLY OF

**STAPLE AND FANCY**

# DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

SUMMER AND FALL PRINTS,

**Bleached and Unbleached Domestics,**

**SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,**

**MUSQUITO NETTINGS,**

**PANS! PANS!! PANCY!!!**

UMBRELLAS! UMBRELLAS! & SHOES.

**TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS!**

Stock daily supplied by our resident Partner in New York.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Raleigh, July 23, 1868-tf

**G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,**

# GROCERS

AND

**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**

FOR THE SALE OF COTTON, NAVAL STORES AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

**MARKET SQUARE,**

RALEIGH, N. C.

July 23-tf

25 KEGS OF FINE POWDER.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

25 KEGS ENGLISH SODA.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

25 KEGS OF STARCH.

Arriving.
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

10 BBLS. COMMON SYRUP,

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

2,000 LBS. SUGAR-CURED HAMS.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE SIDES.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

20 BUCKETS OF LARD, (25 lbs.)

Arriving.
July 23-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

**COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.**

**Louisburg Female College,**

**FRANKLIN CO., N. C.**

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, picasa t, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

**Wake Forest College, N. C,**

THE FALL TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will open on the first day of August, 1868, with the prospect of increased patronage and success. The complete assurance given at the recent Commencement of the adaptedness of the University system to the wants of the times, and of its feasibility, encourages its friends to believe that the College has entered upon a career of popularity and usefulness hitherto unknown in its history. The financial embarrassments to which all Southern Colleges have been subjected are not felt to the same extent at Wake Forest, as at some others, in consequence of the considerable amount of original endowment saved, and of the favorable reception with which the Agent of the College meets in securing additional funds. An expenditure of more than $2,000 has been recently made in improving the condition of the building and grounds.

Determined to bring its advantages within reach of the largest number possible, the Trustees, seconded by the community, have reduced the price of Board and Tuition to the lowest practicable rates.

The officers of instruction are gentlemen of tried ability in their several departments, and the success attending their efforts in the past is the best guarantee the public can have for the future.

The location of the College, in point of healthfulness and accessibility, (being situated on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, a few miles from the Capital of the State,) is not surpassed by that of any other in the land; while the moral and social influences connected with and surrounding it, and the peculiar discipline enforced, present inducements to patronage of no ordinary kind.

A system of PUBLIC LECTURES on literary and scientific subjects has been introduced, with a view to increase the interest of the young men in the several departments of study, and to furnish additional incentives to investigation and research.

Extensive and well selected LIBRARIES belonging to the Societies, and complete APPARATUS, PHILOSOPHICAL and CHEMICAL, are not to be omitted in the enumeration of the advantages possessed.

Another encouraging feature is that there are, at present, thirteen young men engaged in studies preparatory to the work of the Ministry; and it may not be amiss to state that any Minister, who may apply for admission, will receive tuition in all the departments free of charge, and those of this class, who are without means, are encouraged to apply to the Board of Education for further assistance.

EXPENSES IN CURRENCY:

| | |
|---|---|
| Tuition for Preparatory School (per Session) | $30,00 |
| " " Collegiate Course, " " | 35 00 |
| Board per week in private families (table fare) | 2 50 to 3.00 |
| Board, per week, with lodging, | 3 0 to 3.75 |
| Room rent (to those lodging in College Building) per session | 3.00 |
| Servants' hire " | 3 00 |
| Washing, per month, | 1.50 |

No Student is permitted to register his name until College dues are paid.

W. T. BROOKS,
June 22-d&wtAug15 Sec. Board of Trustees.

**Mecklenburg Female College.**

**CHARLOTTE, N. C.**

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled Address

THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

**Edgeworth Female Seminary.**

THIS INSTITUTION WILL BE re-opened on the first Monday of September, with a full corps of Teachers.

The *entire* expense of Tuition, with Board, Washing and contingent fee, for a session of 20 weeks, will be, according to the class, either $105 or $110, or $115, if paid in advance, or $116,50 or $121,50, or $126 50, if paid half in advance.

Moderate extra charges will be made for ANCIENT and MODERN LANGUAGES, MUSIC, FRENCH, DRAWING and OIL PAINTING.

For Circulars, address

J. M. M CALDWELL,
July 10-eod1m Greensboro', N. C.

**MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL**

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders. Circulars sent on application

DR. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.

July 10-3awtd

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

**NOTICE.**

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Sam H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 29th day of August, 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Sam Rogers subject to the widow's dower.

The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.

TERMS.—Twelve months credit.

The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.

J. ROWAN ROGERS,
July 18-td Commissioner.

**LAND SALE.**

IN OBEDIENCE to an order of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions for Davidson County, at May Term, 1868, we will sell, at Public Auction, on the premises, the 4th day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M., on a credit of 6 months,

**Two Valuable Tracts of Land,**

belonging to the estate of Wm. Owen, dec'd.

One Tract of 800 acres, situated in the "Jersey Settlement," celebrated for its rich soil; the other lying on the Yadkin river, containing 250 acres; both finely improved and well watered. Persons desiring valuable Real Estate should attend. At the same time and place, a quantity of Grain.

A. J. OWEN, } Adm'rs.
J. H. SMITH. }

Lexington, N. C., June 25-3aw2w

**For Sale,**

FORTY SHARES OF N. C. R. R. STOCK.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 24-tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

TWENTY BBLS. EXTRA "C" SUGAR.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY BBLS. COMMON SUGARS.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

CRUSHED AND PULVERIZED SUGARS.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY SACKS PRIME RIO COFFEE.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY POCKETS FINE LAGUIRA.

For sale by
July 24-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

FIFTY BARRELS PORTO RICO AND CUBA Sugars.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

BOOK STORES.

**WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,**

# BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

# SCHOOL BOOKS,

# STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES

AGENTS FOR

**WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.**

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag't N. C. Business Directory.

**BRANSON & JONES,**

SUCCESSORS TO

**Branson, Farrar & Co.,**

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

*BOOKS AND STATIONERY,*

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 188-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols., just received and for sale at

BRANSON & JONES
June 19-tf Raleigh,

**New and Elegant Books,**

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others.
Abbottsford Waverly Novels.

All new, nice and cheap, at

July 4-tf BRANSON & JONES'.

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**Notice.**

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing, in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. TROLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 13th, 1868

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of "Powell, Wilson & Co." will be settled by the undersigned and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up.

A. M. POWELL.

Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-2awtw




MANUFACTURER OF

# GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

**Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Specta cles,**

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—3m

**LIME, LIME, LIME.**

THE UNDERSIGNED proposes to deliver Lime at Salisbury Station at (12) twelve dollars per ton.

The freight on the N. C. R. R. is

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| From Salisbury to Concord | 65c. | per ton. |
| " " Charlotte | $1.50 | " " |
| " " Greensboro' | 1.90 | " " |
| " " Camp Sloan | 1.40 | " " |
| " " Hillsboro' | 1.90 | " " |
| " " Durham's | 1 85 | " " |
| " " Raleigh, | 2 15 | " " |

A. M. POWELL,

Catawba Station, N. C., July 24-2awtw

**METROPOLITAN HOTEL,**

FORMERLY

# BROWN'S,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

POTTS & SHELLEY, Proprietors

July 25-2w

**ATTENTION, FARMERS!**

**Secure your Seed Wheat from the Genuine Bowden.**

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED a consignment of this noted brand of Wheat, which we offer for sale at a reasonable price. As our Wheat harvest has fallen far short of a general crop, it is to the interest of our Farmers to secure their seed from this excellent brand. Call soon at

July 21-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

**DIVIDEND.**

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

June 27-1July31

CALL AND SEE OUR SUGARS.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,000 LBS. ENGLISH SODA.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

TWENTY-FIVE BBLS. CUT HERRINGS 10 half bbls.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THE BEST COFFEES.

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,000 LBS. N. C. BACON.

For sale by
July 28-tf G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

THIRTY SACKS GOOD RIO COFFEE.

For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

# THE SENTINEL.

## LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1868.

### *COUNTY CONVENTION.*

We are requested to announce that a Convention of delegates, from each Captain's District in the County of Wake, will meet at the Court House, in Raleigh, on the second Saturday, (being the 8th. day,) of August next, to appoint delegates to attend the Democratic State Convention, and to make such other arrangements as may be deemed necessary.

Our friends throughout the County are urged to hold meetings at once, to send delegated, and to form SEYMOUR and BLAIR Clubs.

All the friends of Seymour and Blair are invited to attend the County Convention.

W. L. LOVE,
W. M. ROBBINS,
T. M. ARGO,
T. J. JARVIS,
P. DURHAM.

July 15, 1868.

### *STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.*

The Democratic and Conservative members of the Legislature have determined to call a Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State, to meet in Raleigh, on THURSDAY, THE 13TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, to organize for the approaching Presidential campaign; and the undersigned have been appointed a Committee to urge the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State to hold primary meetings, at once, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to this Convention. It is hoped that every county in the State will be fully represented by delegates or by proxy.

The National Democratic Convention have recently nominated candidates for the high offices of President and Vice President of the United States, and placed them upon a platform of principles, which commends the selections there made to the support of every good and patriotic citizen.

The struggle is between Liberty and Despotism! Let every good man come to the rescue!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Teas, Bacon, Flour and Rice: G. T. & W. C. Stronach.

Hams, Cotton Seed Meal for Milch Cows: W. H. Jones & Co.

Wheat Bran, Rib Sides, Roe and Cut Herrings: Douglas Bell.

Consignments of Flour, Corn, Bacon and Country Produce solicited: Douglas Bell, Fayetteville Street.

REMOVAL OF THE MARKET.—We learn that a movement is on foot to induce the new "Board of Commissioners" to effect a removal of the City Market to the old Baptist Grove. We also understand that a petition is on foot remonstrating against such a removal. Better let well enough alone. The people of the City are already taxed sufficiently, in an almost infinite variety of ways, without their being burdened with the expense of such an unnecessary step as the one in question.

WATERMELONS.—Our Market is glutted, each morning, with immense quantities of melons,—many of them of large size and fine flavor. They still command fair prices notwithstanding their great abundance.

We are indebted to our worthy friend, Haywood Griffice, of Auburn precinct, for two of the largest we have seen this season. Mr. G. has just shipped four hundred of the same sort to Greensboro, and we advise our friends in that quarter to look out for him. They have never seen finer, we'll warrant.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—We are indebted to Hon. J. R. French for valuable public documents.

RUMOR.—The rumor is quite current on our streets,—though we have not been able to trace it to any more authoritative source than newspaper speculations,—that the Federal troops here, and elsewhere throughout the State, are to be speedily withdrawn.

"THE LAND WE LOVE" for August contains fifteen original articles. Comparative Generalship exposes the emptiness of Grant's claim to be a great commander.

The Decay of Religion in the South is a thoughtful article by Mr. Manigault. The System of English Gang Labor shows that the English Abolitionist has a more cruel system of slavery at home, than that which he so much deplored at the South. The Dickens Dinner is a sprightly burlesque of the toadyism of the American Press. Sheep Husbandry calls attention to an important subject for the Southern farmer. The poetry is from Mrs. Clarke, Henry R. Jackson and Edward A. Jenks.

There are two tales of fiction and several essays.

The frontispiece is a beautiful steel-plate engraving of Gen. Ashby.

The hearty co-operation the conspirators at Washington have met with from Holden and his carpet bag and scallawag minions in the so-called Legislature of North Carolina, in their measures looking to the establishment of a negro military despotism in the South, has, as far as North Carolina is concerned, been productive already of results of terrible significance. Shortly after the bill to arm the "loil" militia in the "reconstructed" Southern States was introduced in Congress, and while every true man, North and South, shuddered to contemplate the consequences of its passage, Holden sent a message to the Legislature of the State of which "he writes himself Governor," urging it to provide for organizing the "loil" militia of the State, so that nothing might remain to be done but give them the arms when the bill passed Congress. The Radicals and negroes were not slow to construe the action of those two bodies into a license, and to-day we hear that the negroes of Weldon, instigated by a scallawag, have formed themselves into a company of "loil" militia, with a white captain. That their example will be followed all through the State it is needless to say. We are not left to conjecture as to what the result will be. Alas, poor Africans!—*Rich. Enquirer.*

The Radicals are willing to drench the land again in fraternal blood. They seek civil war to prevent a fair and free election.

The Legislative Radicals are plotting to make civil war in North Carolina.

For the Sentinel.

### *SEYMOUR AND BLAIR—MEETING OF THE CITIZENS OF FRANKLIN.*

The citizens of Franklin met at the Court House, in Louisburg, on Saturday, July 25th.

On motion of Major D. S. Hill, Dr. E. A. Crudup was called to the Chair, and Dr. J. B. Clifton and Capt. W. H. Williams appointed Secretaries.

After explaining the object of the meeting, the Chairman appointed Major D. S. Hill, Capt. Jos. J. Davis, Capt. W. S. Harris, Charles M. Cooke, Esq., and John E. Thomas, Esq., a Committee to draft resolutions.

Mr. Jones Fuller was then called for, and addressed the meeting for a few minutes in a very happy manner; after which, Capt. J. J. Davis addressed the meeting in a most eloquent and patriotic manner.

Then followed others; amongst the number Capt. W. S. Harris, Col. W. F. Green, Jno. E. Thomas, Esq., and Chas. M. Cooke, Esq. All of the above named gentlemen made very enthusiastic and appropriate speeches, with which all seemed delighted.

After the speaking was over, the Chairman of the Committee on resolutions presented the following, which were unanimously adopted and ordered to be published in the Raleigh *Sentinel* and the Henderson *Index*:

*Resolved*, That the harmony which characterized the National Convention, which met in the City of New York, on the 4th. of July, and the cordial good feeling with which Delegates from the whole Union met to counsel together for the good of the country, are sources of gratification to all who desire a restoration of good will and fraternal relations between the sections of the Union lately divided by strife; and we heartily endorse the Platform of Principles adopted by that Convention, as eminently National and well calculated to restore the Government to its true Constitutional position, and preserve the liberties of our people.

*Resolved*, That we recognize in the Hon. Horatio Seymour, of New York, and Gen. Frank P. Blair, of Missouri, statesmen of virtue and ability, well qualified to restore the country to its ancient integrity, and we most cordially endorse their nominations for President and Vice President of the United States.

*Resolved*, That the bold and undisguised usurpations, by the Radical party, of powers not granted by the Constitution, and the violation by that party of all the principles of civil liberty, for which our fathers fought, should alarm every lover of his country, for its safety; and unless met by freemen, with a manly resistance, must end in a despotism the most galling known to the human race.

*Resolved*, That the fact that the "Radical Party" have had absolute power over the government, since the surrender, controlling without limit all its branches, Legislative, Judicial and Executive, (over ruling the President by more than a two-third vote and placing their nominee for President, Gen. Grant, in military power,) clearly manifests their inability to restore this Union and give peace and quiet to the country, and they ought to give place to *statesmen* who can and will accomplish that desirable end.

*Resolved*, That the action of W. W. Holden, who "writes himself Governor of North Carolina," in attempting to nullify chartered rights and remove without authority municipal officers in this State, (as in the case of the Mayor and Commissioners of the City of Raleigh,) and the truculent action of the Legislature in passing an act, at his bidding, giving him power to appoint all civil officers, meet our unqualified detestation.

*Resolved*, That the act recommended by the Executive of this State, which virtually imposes a standing army upon our people in time of peace, at an enormous expense, is wholly unnecessary, violative of every principle of civil liberty, and will tend to endanger the peace of the country, and inaugurate anarchy and civil war in our midst.

*Resolved*, That we heartily approve the call for a Mass Convention of the citizens of North Carolina, to be convened in the City of Raleigh, on the 13th. of August, and that the Chairman of this meeting appoint two delegates to represent this County in said Convention.

The Chairman then appointed the following gentlemen as delegates to the Mass Convention in Raleigh, on 13th. of August, viz: W H Mitchell, Esq., J A Henley, Capt. H Kearney, Shem Kearney, P C Person, A S Joyner, Jas Joyner, A S Moore, H H Sherrod, Thos Joyner, John Winston, Capt. W H Williams, J H Whitfield, A C Perry, Wm Tharington, W K Martin, J J Freeman, B J King, Thos Winston, C M Cooke, Col Wm F Green, Z Gill, Col Isaac Winston, B H Winston, Jas Green, John Green, Silas Stone, John T Clifton, John Conyers, Wash L Branch, F Michiner, Capt W S Harris, Capt Jas J Harris, Capt D W Spivey, Col Arch Crudup, J R Jeffreys, Dr J C Fowler, John Chamblee, Jno Baker, Dr E A Crudup, Jas Baker, M Baker, Jno Griffin Sr., Jno Griffin Jr., Robt Griffin, T G Riley, Red Perry, Nat Jones, A J P Harris, Dr Gid Cooley, Rev'd M Freeman, C Pippin, Alex Hopkins, W K Phillips, P P Pearce, A Pearce, John Stone, W S Allen, Dr R Gill, Chas Perry, Dr W H Davis, H S Hays, J D Perdew, Jno E Thomas, W B Tucker, G Gupton, R A Speed, Joshua Perry, W T Collins, W J Branch, J J Jones Sr., J J Jones Jr., Thomas Dean, W K Davis, Col W H Yarborough, M Lankford, Dr W C Lankford, Wash Harris, Chas Harris, J R Harris, Jas Debnam, Dr P S Foster, Alex Wilson, W B Foster, Gen J B Littlejohn, Chas Ascue, E Green, Ben Wilson, M Hawkins, W H Battle, Maj D S Hill, Jas Wilson, A D Williams, W D Coppedge, R M Pearce, A W Pearce Jr., A W Pearce Sr., J J Pearce, Capt Gray Murphy, Dr. N Murphy, P Gupton, Wm Cooper, Rev D Wester, L C Wester, S M Boon, A Person, M P Person, Jerry Perry, J G Thomas, W R Young, Capt A S Perry, W A Williams, W S Young, M D Stamper, R F Yarborough, J J Murphy, N M Hawkins, J B Debnam, W B Furgerson, C D Malone, T C Horton, J J Jackson, Jones Fuller, Jno G King, Thos White, Dr J B Clifton, J J Minnetree, B P Clifton, Capt J J Davis, W A Eaton, Arch Taylor, H H Thomas, Capt C H Thomas, Col S T Wilder, Peyton Brown, Jr., Gen P B Hawkins, Benj F Hawkins, R W Stallings, J R Brummit, R J Pace, Jas T Jones, W T Minga, W H Pleasants, Jos A Young, W J Freeman, J C Freeman, J P Timberlake, Thos Spred, J P Strother, J Ross.

On motion, the meeting adjourned, to meet again on Friday, 7th. August.

DR. E. A. CRUDUP, Ch'm.
Dr. J. B CLIFTON, Capt. W. H. WILLIAMS, } Sec'ys.

Says the Rev. Speer, in the *Independent*: "Ulysses S. Grant—a salesman in a leather store at Galena, Illinois, in April, 1860, and in 1868 General of the United States army and the nominee of the Republican party for the next Presidency." Surely there never was such a prodigious jump except when the monkey jumped on Grant's back in the circus ring.

The Democratic State Convention in West Virginia was not an occurrence pleasing to the Radicals. The number present is variously estimated at from 6,000 to 10,000.

Let us have peace, says Grant. Grant's masters in Congress seek a new civil war at the South.

For the Sentinel.

We should think that our Head Centre Functionary, "who writes himself Governor of North Carolina," must have few of the "pleasures of memory." He cannot turn back two pages without stumbling on appalling records of his strange, unparalleled inconsistencies.

When the Howard Amendment was first before our Assembly, his appeals for its adoption were passionate and almost excruciating. He foretold unutterable horrors that would follow its rejection. We should be *cursed* (he said) with *unlimited negro suffrage* and African equality in all things; and he besought us, with tears in his eyes, to save ourselves and secure the control of this question, while we had the power, by passing this deceptive amendment. Knowing its true meaning, and determined to save the old State from *self*-degradation, at least, the Fourteenth Article was almost unanimously spurned and rejected. And "His Excellency's" tender heart was almost broken, at our strange obstinacy, and at the awful calamities that were about to befall our woe-begone people.

The other and harsher measures were adopted, as he had foretold, and everybody knew would come, without his prophecying. Our people were able to bear them, inasmuch as they had not given them their assent, and had proudly scorned to become party to their own degradation. The Howard Amendment was a wily and heartless attempt to coax our people into a voluntary humiliation, and into a seeming consent not only to wear, but to welcome, the chains.—The forgers of our chains asked us to hold out our hands, and wear those very ornamental bracelets. Our Assembly scornfully, and wisely too, tossed them into the impudent faces of the smirking Jesuitical gentry, and assured them that not only would they never court their own chains, but would never wear without shaking them. The cunning contrivers, in so many words, even refused to give any assurance that, by accepting these fetters, we should escape others even more galling. They never meant that we should escape them. Horrors were in store for us any how. They were already bottled up and sealed; and only waited *the pretence* of our expected contumacy, to be uncorked and poured out without mercy, and seemingly without end. The curses have come; and what is the state of our head Negro Func's bowels now? Do they yearn, as before, when he so tearfully, and with such woe begone visage, fulminated his warnings? Is he *very* sorry for our poor downtrodden people now? Do kindly sympathising tears darken his grim visage, and does he weep nightly over our woes? Is he tender-hearted and divinely forgiving over our strange obstinacy? Is his large heart—now he is able to write himself Governor, and has ample power at his command,—looking around with paternal anxiety for means to relieve our great distress? How vastly different! Now, it is "congenial horrors, hail!" Now, as he grasps the sceptre, it is "welcome negro equality, negro superiority, negro supremacy, without dilution, without mercy, and without end!" This is the grand panacea. It is to be smeared all over us, and to be well rubbed in, and *he*, as head *N. F.*, is to besmear us! *He* is to rub it in! *He* is to administer to the pure old mother that bore him, the nauseous dose, because, forsooth, she will not hearken to his tempting voice, and heroically and indignantly refuses to prostitute herself at his bidding, to make him great by the wages of *her* iniquity. Hold up your head, grand old mother! The day of your redemption is at hand! T.

### *TO THE FARMERS OF NORTH CAROLINA.*

At a meeting of the Farmers of Warren county, held at Warrenton on the 16th inst. for the purpose of taking steps towards the formation of an Immigration society, the following resolution was unanimously adopted.

"*Resolved*, That the chairman appoint a committee to correspond, either by letter or through the press, with the citizens of other counties, inviting them to hold meetings in their counties and appoint delegates to a general meeting to be held at a certain point, (the time and place of holding which to be appointed by this committee,) to consider the subject of immigration and organize a society if deemed proper."

We the undersigned were appointed the committee under this resolution and in conformity to this requirement address you this letter through the press.

The importance of immigration to the future prosperity of our State is fully apparent to us, as we have no doubt it is to you. This immigration can only be secured by organized and systematic action. We propose to form a society, embracing as many counties as may choose to join with us, and thus, by combination, accomplish what we could not do separately. The feasibility of such an organization is almost unquestionable. Through it, we may induce the very best class of emigrants from other States and foreign countries, to settle upon our surplus lands and aid in building up our wealth.

There is an immense quantity of land in the State lying idle, upon which we are paying taxes, and from which we are deriving no revenue. These lands are all we need to carry our enterprise into successful operation. Nor is it necessary to give them, as a plan can be devised by which we can make them available for our purpose and secure to the owner a fair price for them.

We call upon our sister counties to unite with us in our undertaking. Hold meetings and appoint delegates to attend a general meeting which we will appoint as soon as a sufficient number of counties have expressed their willingness to participate.—Let your delegates be unramelled, and free to adopt any plan which may meet their views when assembled in convention. The resolution imposed the duty of appointing the time and place for holding the general meeting, upon this committee, because not knowing what counties would respond to our invitation, a place could not be designated with any certainty as to its being the proper one.

In conclusion, let us say to our brother farmers, it is time to be up and doing.—Hold meetings at once and let us have a Farmer's convention at an early day, which shall not only devise but execute great things.

The newspapers of this State are requested to insert this letter, and use their influence to promote the object it has in view. With an earnest desire for the prosperity of our State and the rebuilding of her waste places, we subscribe ourselves,

Your brother farmers,
B. F. LONG,
WM. S. DAVIS,
JNO. WATSON,
J. R. GARLAND.

The New York *News* thus concludes an elaborate examination into the election probabilities:

"After this survey of the whole field, we say in all candor that we believe that Grant cannot possibly get one hundred electoral votes, and we doubt whether he will get seventy-five."

Unwilling to lose their sway of Government, the Radicals are ready to embroil the whites and blacks of the South in a civil war.

# TELEGRAPHIC.

## Our Afternoon Dispatches.

### MORE RASCALITY.

WASHINGTON, July 28, M.

The Radicals are considering favorably a plan of electing Presidential Electors by the Legislatures of the Southern States.

### BROWNLOW.

NASHVILLE, July 28, M.

Brownlow declines to recommend the enfranchisement of the whites, and leaves the whole matter to the Legislature.

### MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 28, M.

Virginias 60; new 66.
Gold 1,43¾ Money easy.
Cotton dull and drooping.
Turpentine quiet at 44@44¼.
Rosin dull; strained 2,87½@2,95.

LIVERPOOL, July 28, M.

Cotton dull. Uplands 9¾. Orleans 10¼. Sales of 8,000 bales.

## Our Midnight Dispatches.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 28, P. M.

It is understood that the President considers the Commissionership of Internal Revenue vacant, and will make an *ad interem* appointment in a few days.

It is positively stated that the President will continue to act as heretofore, regarding the reconstruction acts. He will conform to the law until modified by Congress, or nullified by the Courts.

This Evenings *Star* has the following:

"CHOOSING ELECTORS IN THE SOUTH.—The Southern members of Congress, within the past few days, have, in conference with the Republicans here, decided, that it will be best for the Presidential electors in the reorganized States to be chosen by their respective Legislatures, in the same manner as South Carolina has always chosen hers. This, it is held, will remove all fear of disturbances and frauds which have been apprehended. It is thought probable that their views will be carried out by the Legislatures, in whose hands the matter rest."

The Cabinet, to-day, had a prolonged session Secretary Schofield submitted an order for the reorganization of Military Districts, which probably will be promulgated to-morrow. Data is unknown.

Mr. Davis, with his family, sailed, on Saturday, from Quebec for Europe.

### IMPORTANT ORDER FROM THE WAR DEPARTMENT—RE-ORGANIZATION OF THE MILITARY DISTRICTS.

WASHINGTON, July 28, P. M.

The following order has been issued from the War Department:

"The Commanding Generals of the Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth Military Districts having officially reported that Arkansas, North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama and Florida have complied with the reconstruction acts, including the act of June 25th, 1868, and that, consequently, so much of the act of March 2nd, 1868, and all acts supplementary thereto, providing for Military Districts subject to the military authority of the United States, as therein, provided, have become inoperative in said States, and the Commanding Generals have ceased exercising military powers conferred by said acts:

"*Therefore*, the following changes will be made in the organization and command of the Military Districts, and Geographical Departments:

The 1st, 2nd and 3rd Military Districts having ceased to exist, North Carolina, South Carolina, Alabama, Georgia and Florida will constitute the Department of the South,—General Meade to command, with Headquarters at Atlanta, Ga.

2nd. General Gillem will command the Fourth Military District, comprising Mississippi.

3rd General Reynolds will command the Fifth Military District, comprising Texas, with Headquarters at Austin.

4th. Louisiana and Arkansas will constitute the Department of Louisiana,—Gen Rousseau commanding, with Headquarters at New Orleans.—Gen. Buchanan will continue in command, until relieved by Gen. Rousseau.

5th. Gen. George Crooke relieves Gen. Rousseau in the Department of Columbia.

6th. General Canby is re-asigned to command at the Department of Washington.

### LOUISIANA LEGISLATURE.

NEW ORLEANS, July 28, P. M.

The Governor, on yesterday, vetoed the Joint resolution, requesting the General of the Armies to furnish troops to the civil authorities, and instructed the Senate that the law in the case requires application to be made to the President, and not to the General of the Armies. The veto was sustained, to-day.

The same bill was introduced and amended in accordance with the information furnished by the Governor, passed by the Senate under a suspension of the rules, and sent to the House for concurrence.

### FROM COLUMBIA.

COLUMBIA, July 28, P. M.

Nothing done in the Legislature. The election of a Chief and two Associate Justices will take place to-morrow. Two ex-Federal officers, and one Carolinian, will probably be elected.

The negroes are making trouble in the interior. The whites ask for troops or say they must defend themselves.

A great Democratic torch-light demonstration to-night. The town is illuminated. Speeches from Gen. Wade Hampton, Kershaw, Chesnut McGowan and other distinguished persons.

### MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 28, P. M.

Cotton heavy—a half lower. Sales of 1600 bales at 29½.
Turpentine 44@44½. Rosin 2,95 to 7.
Gold buoyant, 1,44.

WILMINGTON, July 28, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firmed at 40. Rosin firm. Pale 1; No. 1, 2@2,50; No. 2, 220.

A writer in the Baltimore *Gazette* says Thad Stevens will shortly issue a letter upon the financial question that will be worth thirty thousand votes to Seymour.


### TO LAND OWNERS.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED, BY THE AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL AND MINERAL LAND COMPANY, Agent for all that part of North Carolina lying east of and including Catawba County, I am authorized to say to any person or persons having 2,000 acres in one body, partially cleared and near a Rail Road, that if they will agree to subdivide their lands at the expense of the Company the Company will purchase alternate lots at their assessed value for taxation or as ascertained by two disinterested parties, paying for the same in the Company's stock—the Company obligating itself to place a white settler on every 200 acres so acquired, within three years, or, failing to do so, such land unsettled to revert to the original owner; the owner to retain possession until the land is settled.

The object of this system is to bring into the State an industrious and thrifty population and to enhance the value of our lands. It has been adopted in other States and is said to be working finely.

This Company was chartered by our Legislature of 1866. Land owners will please address me for particulars at Beidsville, N. C.

May 23, 1868-wkm6t D. W. COURTS.

NEW SUPPLIES.

Toilet Soaps, Rosin Soaps, Mason's Blacking, Concentrated Lye, Black Pepper, Parlor Matches, Axle Grease and Copperas. Just received at
July 21-4t UPCHURCH & DODD'S.


## Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C. | 80c |
| " Cape Fear | 30 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Wadesboro | 27 |
| " Wilmington | 30 |
| " Roxboro | 60 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Graham | 25 |
| " Lexington (old) | 15 |
| " " (new) | 10 |
| " Commerce | 18 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| Merchants' Bank of Newbern | 60 |
| Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old) | 30 |
| " " " (new.) | 12 |
| Miners' and Planters' Bank | 60 |
| Commercial Bank of Wilmington | 27 |
| Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old) | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes average about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | |
| Georgia " | |
| N. C. Railroad Stock | 15 |

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-208-3m


### RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. FULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, A. S. MERRIMON, GEO. W. SWEPSON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.


| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of Cape Fear | 33 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Commerce | 17 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Lexington, (old,) | 15 |
| " " (new.) | 10 |
| " Lexington, payable at Graham | 25 |
| " North Carolina | 55 |
| " Roxboro' | 60 |
| " Thomasville | 60 |
| " Wadesboro' | 27 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| " Wilmington | 33 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 33 |
| Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,) | 33 |
| " " " (new.) | 10 |
| Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co. | 6 |
| Merchant's Bank, Newbern | 60 |
| Miner's & Planter's Bank | 40 |

July 27-135-tf

## Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

| | |
|---|---|
| Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B. | 55 |
| " Cape Fear | 30 |
| " Charlotte | 30 |
| " Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old | 10 |
| " Roxborough | 60 |
| " Wadesborough | 27 |
| " Thomasville | 20 |
| " Wilmington | 50 |
| " Commerce | 16 |
| " Washington | 3 |
| " Fayetteville | 10 |
| " Clarendon | 4 |
| " Yanceyville | 3 |
| Miners' and Planter's Bank | 40 |
| Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old | 20 |
| Commercial Bank, Wilmington | 27 |
| Merchant's Bank, Newbern | 60 |
| Greensborough Mutual | 6 |
| Virginia Bank Notes, about | 25 |
| South Carolina " | 22 |
| Georgia " | 22 |
| Gold | 138 |
| Silver | 133 |
| Old Coupons | 67 |
| North Carolina Railroad Coupons | 87½ |
| Old Sixes | 74 |
| Exchange on New York | ¼ |
| R. & G. Railroad Stock | 40 |


50 VERY LARGE TUBS.
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

1,200 LBS. OF LARD,
For sale by
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

44 Fayetteville Street.

FOR SALE.—A BELL OF BEST BELL-Metal, and of excellent tone, suitable for a Church or an Academy. Weight 58 lbs. Will be sold cheap.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 28-tf With Hart & Lewis.

DRIED AND GREEN FRUIT.

We pay special attention to the sale of all kinds of Dried and Green Fruit at this season.
*It will pay to ship Good Green Fruit.*
J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
July 27-1m Portsmouth, Va.


[COPY.]

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
*Washington, June 18th, 1868.*

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said act:

Now, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

HILAND R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,682.


STATE NATIONAL BANK, RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. S. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. R. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.

July 1-3ms.

Thomasville Female College, THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $10 per month, and other charges proportionably low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced teachers. The course is extensive embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address Rev. D. R. BRUTON.
June 24-d2aw sw4w10th aug. President.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

JULY 21, 1868.

ASSETS, $10,000,000.



No. INSURED 57,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS 50 per cent.

READ THE FOLLOWING EXTRACTS:

Ætna Life Insurance Company, Hartford.—The Ætna is a Company that can be thoroughly trusted. It is sound, prompt, and progressive. It rests on a firm basis, pays its claims with alacrity, and goes on its way rejoicing. It has done, within the immediate neighborhood of Hartford, within the last year, a larger business than any other Life Company; which indicates that a prophet has, for once, found honor in his own country.—*New York Insurance Monitor.*

(*Extract from N. Y. Insurance Monitor, Oct.* 1868.)

No Life Insurance Company ever achieved so complete a success as this popular institution.—Its popularity is altogether unprecedented in the annals of commercial enterprise in this country.

"A good man leaveth an inheritance."—*Bible.*

In North Carolina the Ætna Life Company has settled policies promptly to date, 17th July, 1868, $45,500.00, and another $5,000 is ready for the legal representative of our deceased fellow-citizen,

A. KLINE,

well known as a prudent and thrifty man of business.

Those who insure in the Ætna may be sure of a certainty for their friends, and that too upon terms as favorable as any first-class Company can afford.

The Ætna is a tried Company.

Call on
W. H. CROW,
*General Agent for the State,*
Office, Raleigh, N. C.

W. H. McKEE, Examiner.

July 21-1m.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States [illegible] seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the anniversaries by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITABLE.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $2,500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a safe business.
8. It WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

*Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:*

| | |
|---|---|
| PHŒNIX MUTUAL | $1 74 |
| ÆTNA | 1 36 |
| BROOKLYN | 1 13 |
| CONNECTICUT MUTUAL | 1 65 |
| EQUITABLE | 1 24 |
| MANHATTAN | 1 43 |

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

*Principal Office*, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to
WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS. LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.



DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. H. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by
A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 23—183-3m

The Daily Sentinel.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1868.

**Goldsboro' Female College.**

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95,00. Address

E. W. ADAMS, President, Goldsboro'.

July 11—1awtSept.1

**SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.**
**Catawba County, N. C.**

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, unrivalled. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs, a distance of six miles over a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children, under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.
June 1-d&w3m.

**R. H. COWAN & CO.,**
**General Commission and Shipping Merchants.**
AND
**WHOLESALE GROCERS.**

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty, Va.,) celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate of Lime.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON, } Wilmington, N. C.,
JAS. H. HILL, } No. 32 North Water St.
June 26, 1868-1y

**Select Boarding and Day School,**
**HILLSBORO', N. C.**

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec 10th.
Circulars furnished on application.
July 4-3aw1m

MRS. A. M. GORMAN will accommodate a few boarders, on reasonable terms. Her residence is in a desirable part of the city, convenient to the Capitol, and not very far from the Central Depot. For further information, apply to MRS. A. M. GORMAN.
July 20-tf

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!

175 Hogsheads Cuba Molasses, (direct importation.) Various grades, for sale at reduced price, by WORTH & DANIEL, Wilmington, N. C.
July 20-5t

**A SPLENDID CHANCE FOR A HOME.**
**BONA FIDE RAFFLE.**
**250 CHANCES, $10 EACH.**

THE DRAWING TO TAKE PLACE IN WASHINGTON, N. C.

**NO HUMBUG THIS TIME.**

THE UNDERSIGNED OWNS A VERY VALuable FARM in the lower part of Beaufort [illegible] 20 miles below Washington, con[illegible]ES, 30 of which is CLEARED [illegible] of cultivation, with a [illegible] DWELLING [illegible] out-houses, and the soil of the [illegible] best quality. The

**FARM**

is at the head of North Creek, and within half a mile of good navigation, and within a day's sail of Newbern or Washington. The owner proposes to have the same

RAFFLED OFF

for the sum of $2500. 250 Chances at $10 Each, the Drawing to take place

**IN WASHINGTON**

as soon as the chances are all taken, under the direction of W. R. J. Burbank, E. S. Hoyt and F. B. Satterthwaite, Esqrs.

The undersigned refers to Messrs. Burbank, Hoyt and Satterthwaite, of Washington, and to R. W. Respess and W. C. Campbelle, of Williamston, as to the value of the farm, &c.

The Editor of the Tarboro' *Southerner* at Tarboro', R. W. Respess, of Williamston, and E. S. Hoyt, of Washington, will receive subscriptions, and the drawing will take place as soon as possible, after the chances are all taken.

W. O RESPESS, Washington, N. C.
July 23-1m

**Charlotte Female Institute,**
**CHARLOTTE, N. C.**

REV. R. BURWELL, } *Principals.*
JNO. B. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks.

Music Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

REV. R. BURWELL & SON, Charlotte, N. C.
July 11-3m

**1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.**
**BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,**
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.
April 1-tf

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

**PHOTOGRAPHS!**
**GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT WATSON'S GALLERY.**

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand, I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days.

The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.

June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

**Land for Sale.**

WE ARE AUTHORIZED to sell, very cheap, a tract of Land containing 350 ACRES, lying in the County of Nash, on the road leading from Nashville to Warrenton.

Sixty acres are in a good state of cultivation, one hundred and fifty acres in second growth, and three hundred and forty acres in original growth of Oak, Hickory and Pine. The land is well watered and the location very healthy; Dwelling House with three rooms, and all necessary out-houses, negro cabins, &c. The land produces, finely, Corn, Wheat, Cotton, &c., and the prospect for "GOLD" on the land is said to be excellent from late explorations.

Object in selling, to remove West.

W. H. JONES & CO., Auction'rs and Com. Merchants.
July 24-tf

**VINE HILL ACADEMY,**
**Scotland Neck, N. C.**

THIRD SESSION begins July 10th. Tuition $40 and and $25. Board and tuition, including every thing except washing, $125.
Address J. M. LOVEJOY.
July 1-2aw1w

## THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION:

### THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

*First.*—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

*Second.*—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

*Third.*—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

*Fourth.*—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

*Fifth.*—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

*Sixth.*—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

*Seventh.*—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

*Eighth.*—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single central ized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a federal union of co equal States; and, that we regard the reconstruction acts (so called) of Congress as usurpations, and unconstitutional, revolutionary, and void; that our soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre emption or homestead lands, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

### *CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS FOR CLUBS.*

We have received letters from several [illegible]s, requesting us to send printed copies of a Constitution and By-Laws for the organization of Seymour and Blair Clubs.—Having none on hand, and no funds to print them, we have prepared the following Constitution and By-Laws, as a guide for Clubs, and submit them to the consideration of our friends. They were submitted to the Young Men's meeting to form a Seymour and Blair Club, in this city, on Tuesday night, and unanimously adopted:

### CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE 1st. This Association shall be styled the ——— Club of ——— of North Carolina.

ART. 2. The objects of this Association are as follows: To unite in close political compact every Democrat, Conservative, or by whatever name known, in North Carolina, for the support and defence of the Constitution of the United States; the promotion of the peace and good will of society and the harmony of the Union; the proper enforcement of law and order by legitimate forms, and the utter destruction of Radicalism every where, by the election of HORATIO SEYMOUR, of New York, as President, and FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri, as Vice President, and all other Democratic and Conservative nominees for any office; and, further, to promote the mutual benefit and protection of each other in all lawful pursuits, aiding each other in business, as being members of one great political family, seeking to promote each other's welfare, and especially to extend such aid to those who have been or may be ignored or proscribed by the Radical party, as the Association may be able.

ART. 3. The officers of this Club shall consist of a President, three Vice Presidents, a Recording Secretary, a Corresponding Secretary and a Treasurer, who shall perform the duties usual to such offices, and who, together with Five Directors, shall be elected annually at the annual meeting of the Association, and shall constitute an Executive Board, to whom shall be commited the interests of the Club.

ART. 4. This Constitution, and such By-Laws or Regulations as the Club may adopt may be altered, amended or changed at any public meeting of the Club, by a vote of two-thirds of the members present.

SUBSCRIPTION.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, do solemnly pledge our word and sacred honor, constantly and faithfully to promote the objects and aims of this Club as set forth in the foregoing Constitution, and do hold ourselves ready to defend the same, and to protect, to the extent of our ability, every member of this Association throughout the State.

### BY-LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. Every member of this Club shall sign and subscribe the Constitution, in order to recognition.

2. All monied contributions to the objects of the Association shall be voluntary, and shall be held by the Treasurer, who shall keep an exact account and disburse the same only on the order of the Executive Board, to whom he shall submit his accounts when ordered.

3. The Club shall order its public meetings when and where it chooses, and the President may call meetings when desirable, but the Executive Board, or such of its members as may be designated, shall select speakers and make all necessary arrangements.

4. Each member of the Executive Board is hereby appointed a Committee to solicit names for membership, also monied donations for the objects of the Club, and to attend to the general interests of the Club, such as directing the correspondence, procuring and circulating documents, &c.

5. The Executive Board shall meet to transact the private business of the Club as often as it may order, (and the officers of the Club shall be *ex-officio* officers of the Board;) when the names of members shall be presented for registration or dismissal for good cause, to consider the financial business of the Club, and such other private matters as may be necessary. All members of the Club may attend the private meetings of the Board when convenient, and may give counsel, but the business of the Board will be determined by the vote of the Board itself.

6. Any member of the Club intending to move to any other section, may obtain a certificate of his membership in this Club, if he desire it, to be signed by the President and Secretary.

7. The Executive Board of each Club will give special attention to all matters of registration, voting, &c., see that all do their duty, and that the law is strictly observed, that all fraud or mal-practice is detected and duly punished.

REMARKS.

1. In South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi and other Southern States, strong Democratic Clubs are being formed, composed of colored citizens. The Constitution above is so worded that it can be adapted to any place or persons. If Democratic Clubs can be formed entirely of colored persons, perhaps it will be best; but where there are few, the Clubs may decide to enter them on their registers or not, as they may elect.

2. We would suggest that Young Men's Clubs, everywhere, should embrace all young men, from 18 years of age, and upwards. Many old men are faint-hearted, timid, afraid to let people know their political *status*. Take in the young men, who have the pluck, and who may be educated to *love* the Constitution and the country, and who will always vote right, when they become of age. We need the ardor and boldness of youth, as well as the prudence and wisdom of age. The necessity for this, however, would be obviated, if the young men, under the age of 21, would form Clubs of their own.

3. We insist upon forming Clubs in every Ward, in every precinct and Captain's District in the State, where 25 or 30 members, and as many more as possible, can be obtained. The more the better. The talent and energy of all our people must be brought out. It will not do to let the old men and the old party managers do all the managing and the talking. We *must put every man* in some position to be useful. By having a Club in every Ward and every neighborhood, we can find room for a great many as officers and talkers and working men. We can have our Club meetings out of doors, these pleasant nights, by moonlight or camp fires, and there will be a chance for *every man*, who can make a talk, or a little speech, or a great speech, to do something in that line. Let the Clubs be formed. Bring out all our men to work for the Constitution and the country, and let us save them by the election of Seymour and Blair!

Guisers' Separator and Horse Power.

JUST received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake for 1868 and the Dixie Wheat Fan.

July 2-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

**BOARD.**

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,
**At Reasonable Rates.**

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the Approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.

June 23-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

DRY GOODS.

**New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.**

**CHEAP FOR CASH.**

**LOOK OUT FOR A CREECH!**

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible [illegible] if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

**At Low Prices,**

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

**A. CREECH,**
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

**Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,**

AT

**S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,**
**No. 21 Fayetteville St.,**
**RALEIGH, N. C.**

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

**STOCK OF GOODS**

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

**P. F. PESCUD,**
**GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,**

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

*Phœnix*, of Hartford,
*Atlantic*, of Brooklyn,
*Security*, of New York,
*Putnam*, of Hartford,
*Home*, of New Haven,
*Valley of Virginia*, Winchester,
*Jefferson*, of Virginia, and
*The Underwriter's*, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $5,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.
Dec. 14—110-tf

**GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.**

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

**Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate**

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER, General Agent, Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 31—72-tf

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

ON the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

**4,000 ACRES OR MORE.**

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

**1,000 ACRES OR MORE.**

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent. cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON, Commissioner.
Jun 30-td

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

**BANKING,**

**Exchange and Collection Office,**
*FAYETTEVILLE STREET,*
RALEIGH, N. C.
**Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.**

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York
June 26-1m*

**SENTINEL OFFICE**
**JOB PRINTING.**

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—44 WM E PELL, Proprietor.

20 BBLS. No 1 FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades arriving

At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

WHITE PEPPER.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

**1868. 1868.**

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C., Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

| | |
|---|---|
| Daily Sentinel, for one year, | $8 00 |
| " " six months, | 4 00 |
| " " three months, | 2 00 |
| Semi Weekly Sentinel, for one year, | 4 00 |
| " " six months, | 2 00 |
| " " three months, | 1 00 |
| Weekly " for one year, | 2 00 |
| " " six months, | 1 00 |

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We call every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people.—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL, Proprietor
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868.

MISCELLANEOUS

**1868. 1868.**

**SPRING TRADE.**

**TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.**

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE, Hillsboro N. C.
Feb 3-150-tf

**NUMBER OF POUNDS TO A BUSHEL.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Of Wheat | 60 | Pounds. |
| Of Shelled Corn | 56 | do |
| Of Corn on the Cob | 70 | do |
| Of Rye | 56 | do |
| Of Oats | 36 | do |
| Of Barley | 40 | do |
| Of Potatoes | 60 | do |
| Of Bran | 20 | do |
| Of Clover Seed | 60 | do |
| Of Timothy Seed | 45 | do |
| Of Flax Seed | 45 | do |
| Of Hemp Seed | 44 | do |
| Of Buckwheat | 52 | do |
| Of Blue Grass | 14 | do |
| Of Castor Bean | 46 | do |
| Of Dried Peaches | 33 | do |
| Of Dried Apples | 24 | do |
| Of Onions | 57 | do |
| Of Salt | 50 | do |

**Just to Hand.**

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates.

BRANSON & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.
June 19-tf

## THE STAMP ACT.

### One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents.

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents.

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents.

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandise at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1,00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Gauger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents.

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 25 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate $1,00.

For any other purpose, 50 cents.

Probate of will or letters of administration where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000 $1,00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.) Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note.

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipts for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10 cts.

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents.

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 25 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100, 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $200, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1,00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1,00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made, may stamp it before it is used; and if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits of legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument the stamp to which this instrument is liable under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

## THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

### SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE. *Term Expires*
Lot M Morrill r '69
Wm P Fessenden, r '71

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Aaron H Cragin, r '71
Jas W Patterson, r '73

VERMONT.
Geo F Edmunds, r '69
Justus S Morrill, r '73

MASSACHUSETTS.
Charles Sumner, r '69
Henry Wilson, r '71

RHODE ISLAND
William Sprague, r '69
Henry B Anthony, r '71

CONNECTICUT.
James Dixon, d '69
Orris S Ferry, r '73

NEW YORK.
Edwin D Morgan, r '69
Roscoe Conkling, r '73

NEW JERSEY.
F T Frelinghuysen, r '69
Alex G Cattell, r '71

PENNSYLVANIA.
C R Buckalew, d '69
Simon Cameron, r '73

DELAWARE.
Geo R Riddle, d '69
Wm Saulsbury, d '73

MARYLAND.
Reverdy Johnson, d '69
——— Hamilton, d ——

WEST VIRGINIA.
P G Van Winkle, r '69
Waitman T Willey, '71

KENTUCKY.
——— Mc Creery, d ——
Garrett Davis, d '73

TENNESSEE.
D T Patterson, d '69
Joseph S Fowler, r '71

OHIO.
Benjamin F Wade, r '69
John Sherman, r '73

INDIANA. *Term Expires.*
T A Hendricks, d '69
Oliver Morton, r '73

ILLINOIS
Richard Yates, r '71
Lyman Trumbull, r '73

MICHIGAN.
Zach Chandler, r '69
Jacob M Howard, r '71

WISCONSIN.
J R Doolittle, d '69
Timothy O Howe, r '73

MINNESOTA.
Alex Ramsey r '69
Daniel S Norton, d '71

IOWA.
James W Grimes, r '71
James Harlan, r '73

MISSOURI.
John B Henderson, r '69
Charles D Drake, r '73

KANSAS.
Edmund G Ross, r '71
Samuel C Pomeroy, r '73

NEBRASKA.
Thos W Tipton, r '69
John M Thayer, r '71

NEVADA.
Wm M Stewart, r '69
James W Nye, r '73

CALIFORNIA.
John Conness, r '69
Cornelius Cole, r '71

OREGON.
Geo H Williams, r '71
Henry Corbett, r '73

*COLORADO.
John Evans, r ——
Jerome B Chaffe, r ——

*Not admitted.

RECAPITULATION.
Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.

### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk.

MAINE.
John Lynch, r
Sidney Perham, r
James G Blaine, r
John A Peters, r
Frederick A Pike, r

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
Jacob H Ela, r
Aaron F Stevens, r
Jacob Benton, r

VERMONT.
F E Woodbridge, r
Luke P Poland, r
W C Smith, r

MASSACHUSETTS.
Thomas D Eliott, r
Oakes Ames, r
Ginery Twichell, r
Samuel Hooper, r
Benjamin F Butler, r
Nathaniel P Banks, r
George S Boutwell, r
John D Baldwin, r
Wm B Washburn, r
Henry L Dawes, r

RHODE ISLAND.
Thomas Jenckes, r
Nathan F Dixon, r

CONNECTICUT.
Richard D Hubbard, d
Julius Hotchkiss, d
J H Starkweather, r
William H Barnum, d

NEW YORK.
Stephen Tabor, d
Demas Barnes, d
Wm E Robinson, d
John Fox, d
John Morrissey, d
Thomas E Stewart, d
John W Chandler, d
Jas Brooks, d
Fernando Wood, d
Wm H Robertson, r
Thomas H Van Wyck, r
John H Ketchum, r
Thomas Cornell, r
John V L Pruyn, d
John A Griswold, r
Orange Ferris, r
Calvin T Hulburd, r
James M Mervin, r
Wm C Fields, r
Addison H Laflin, r
Alex H Bailey, r
John C Churchill, r
Denis McCarthy, r
Theo M Pomeroy, r
Wm H Kelsey, r
Wm S Lincoln, r
Hamilton Ward, r
Lewis Selye, r
Burt Van Horn, r
James M Murphy, r
Henry Van Aernam, r

NEW JERSEY.
Wm Moore, r
Chas Haight, d
Chas Sitgreaves, d
John Hill, r
Geo A Halsey, r

PENNSYLVANIA.
Samuel J Randall, d
Chas O'Neill, r
Leonard Myers, r
Wm D Kelley, r
Caleb N Taylor, r
Ben M Boyer, d
Jno M Broomall, r
Jno L Getz, d
Thaddeus Stevens, r
Henry L Cake, r
David M Van Auken, d
Geo W Woodward, d
Ulysses Mercer, r
George F Miller, r
A J Grossbrenner, d
Wm H Koontz, r
Daniel J Morrell, r
Samuel F Wilson, r
Glenni W Scofield, r
Darwin A Finney, r
John Covode, r
Jas K Morehead, r
Thomas Williams, r
Geo V Lawrence, r

DELAWARE.
John A Nicholson, d

MARYLAND
Hiram McCulloch, d
Stevenson Archer, d
Chas E Phelps, d
Francis Thomas, r
Frederick Stone, r

WEST VIRGINIA.
Chester D Hubbard, r
Bethuel M Kitchen, r
Daniel Polsley, r

KENTUCKY.
L S Trimble, d
John Y Brown, d
John S Golladay, d
J Proctor Knott, d
Asa P Grover, d
Thomas L Jones, d
James B Beck, d
George M Adams, d
John D Young, d

KANSAS.
Sidney Clarke, r

TENNESSEE.
Roderick R Butler, r
Horace Maynard, r
William D Stokes, r
James Mullins, r
John Trimble, r
Samuel M Arnell, r
Isaac R Hawkins, r
David A Nunn, r

OHIO.
Benjamin Eggleston, r
Samuel F Cary, r
Robt C Schenck, r
Wm Lawrence, r
Wm Mungen, d
Reader W Clarke, r
Samuel Shellabarger, r
C N Hamilton, r
Ralph P Buckland, r
James M Ashley, r
John T Wilson, r
Philad Van Trump, d
George W Morgan, d
Martin Walker, r
Tobias A Plants, r
John A Bingham, r
Ephraim R Eckley, r
Rufus P Spaulding, r
James A Garfield, r

INDIANA.
Wm E Niblack, d
Michael C Kerr, d
Morton C Hunter r
Wm S Holman, d
George W Julian, r
John Coburn, r
H D Washburn, r
Goodlove S Orth, r
Schuyler Colfax, r
John P C Shanks, r

ILLINOIS
At large—J A Logan, r
Norman B Judd, r
John F Farnsworth, r
Elihu B Washburne, r
Abner C Harding, r
Eben C Ingersoll, r
Burton C Cook, r
H P Bromwell, r
Shelby M Cullom, r
Lewis W Ross, d
Albert G Burr, d
Samuel S Marshall, d
John Baker, r
Green B Baum, r

MICHIGAN.
Fer C Beaman, r
Chas Upson, r
Austin Blair, r
Thos W Ferry, r
R E Trowbridge, r
Jno F Driggs, r

WISCONSIN.
Halbert E Paine, r
Ben F Hopkins, r
Amasa Cobb, r
Chas A Eldridge, d
Philetus Sawyer, r
C C Washburne, r

MINNESOTA.
Wm Windom, r
Ignatius Donnelly,

IOWA.
James F Wilson, r
Hiram Price, r
Wm B Allison, r
Wm Loughbridge, r
George M Dodge, r
Asahel W Hubbard, r

MISSOURI.
Wm A Pile, r
Chas A Newcomb, r
Jas R McCormick, d
Jos J Gravelly, r
Jos W McClurg, r
Robt T Van Horn, r
Ben F Loan, r
John F Benjamin, r
George W Anderson,

NEBRASKA.
John Taffe

NEVADA.
Delos R Ashley, r

CALIFORNIA.
Samuel B Axtell, d
Williams Higby, r
James A Johnson, d

OREGON.
Rufus Mallory, r

*COLORADO.
George M Chilcott, r

DELEGATES.

ARIZONA.
Coles Bashford, r

DAKOTA.
Walter A Burleigh, r

IDAHO.
E D Holbrook d

MONTANA.
Jas M Cavanaugh d

NEW MEXICO.
C P Clever d (contested)

UTAH.
Wm D Hooper, d

WASHINGTON.
Alvin Flanders r

*WYOMING.
James S Casement r

RECAPITULATION.
(Without Delegates from Territories):
Republicans 145 Democrats and Conservatives, 49.

*Not admitted